

STIC Search Report Biotech-Chem Library

STIC Database Tracking Number: 102880

TO: Dwayne C Jones

Location: CM1/2D07&2D01

Art Unit: 1614

Monday, September 15, 2003

Case Serial Number: 09/895463

From: Barb O'Bryen

Location: Biotech-Chem Library

CM1-6A05

Phone: 308-4291

B5 B

barbara.obryen@uspto.gov

Search Notes

= get 5382,600 heatment of overactive bladder



THIS PAGE BLANK (USPTO)

=> fil reg; d stat que 1108; fil capl; d que nos 1111; fil toxcenter; d que nos 1112; fil biosis; d que nos 1113; fil uspatfull uspat2; d que nos 1120
FILE 'HEGISTRY' ENTERED AT 14:30:15 ON 15 SEP 2003
USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.
PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.
COPYRIGHT (C) 2003 American Chemical Society (ACS)

Property values tagged with IC are from the ZIC/VINITI data file provided by InfoChem.

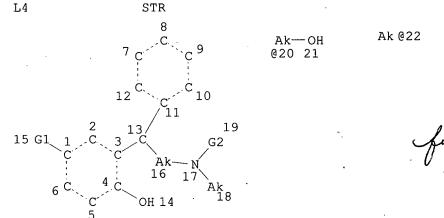
STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 14 SEP 2003 HIGHEST RN 585509-69-9 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 14 SEP 2003 HIGHEST RN 585509-69-9

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH JULY 14, 2003

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches.

Crossover limits have been increased. See HELP CROSSOVER for details.

Experimental and calculated property data are now available. See HELP PROPERTIES for more information. See STNote 27, Searching Properties in the CAS Registry File, for complete details: http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/STN/STNOTES/stnotes27.pdf



full file search done on this structure

VAR G1=22/20
VAR G2=H/22
NODE ATTRIBUTES:
CONNECT IS E2 RC AT 16
CONNECT IS E1 RC AT 18
CONNECT IS E2 RC AT 20
CONNECT IS E1 RC AT 22
DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES: RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED NUMBER OF NODES IS 22

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L6 61 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L4

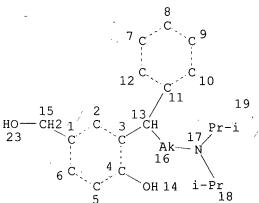
L105 STR

Subset search done looking for either of these I structures

VAR G1=22/20
NODE ATTRIBUTES:
CONNECT IS E2 RC AT 16
CONNECT IS E1 RC AT 18
CONNECT IS E2 RC AT 20
CONNECT IS E1 RC AT 22
DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES: RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED NUMBER OF NODES IS 21

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE L106 STR



NODE ATTRIBUTES:
CONNECT IS E2 RC AT 16
DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED
ECOUNT IS E2 C AT 16

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES: RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED NUMBER OF NODES IS 20

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE L108 14 SEA FILE=REGIS

14 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L6 SSS FUL (L105 OR L106)

100.0% PROCESSED 61 ITERATIONS 14 ANSWERS SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

```
=> analyze 1108
ENTER ANSWER NUMBER OR RANGE (1-):.
ENTER DISPLAY CODE (CHEM) OR ?:1c
                                          7 TERMS
            ANALYZE L108 1- LC:
L109
=> d 1-7
                                          7 TERMS
            ANALYZE L108 1- LC:
L109
TERM #
         # OCC # DOC % DOC LC
             14
                    14 100.00 CA
                                               only these files can have
refs with Registry #15
from L108
     2
             14
                    14 100.00 CAPLUS
     3
                    11 78.57 USPATFULL
             11
                     6 42.86 TOXCENTER
             6
     5
              2
                     2 14.29 CASREACT
     6
                     1
                        7.14 BIOSIS
     7
                     1
              1
                         7.14 USPAT2
            END OF L109 ******
```

THIS PAGE BLANK (USPTO)

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 14:30:15 ON 15 SEP 2003 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS. COPYRIGHT (C) 2003 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

Copyright of the articles to which records in this database refer is held by the publishers listed in the PUBLISHER (PB) field (available for records published or updated in Chemical Abstracts after December 26, 1996), unless otherwise indicated in the original publications. The CA Lexicon is the copyrighted intellectual property of the American Chemical Society and is provided to assist you in searching databases on STN. Any dissemination, distribution, copying, or storing of this information, without the prior written consent of CAS, is strictly prohibited.

FILE COVERS 1907 - 15 Sep 2003 VOL 139 ISS 12 FILE LAST UPDATED: 14 Sep 2003 (20030914/ED)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

```
L4
                STR
L6
             61 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L4
L16
           1803 SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON
                                         INCONTINEN?/OBI
L17
            252 SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON URIN? (2A) FREQUEN?/OBI
L18
            114 SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON
                                         POLLAKIUR?
L19
            343 SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON
                                         POLYURI#/OBI
L20
          36523 SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON
                                         SMOOTH (L) MUSCLE#/OBI
L105
                STR.
L106
                STR
             14 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L6 SSS FUL (L105 OR L106)
L108
L110
             34 SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON
                                        L108
L111
             12 SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON
                                         ((L16 OR L17 OR L18 OR L19 OR L20) OR
                POLLAKISURI?) AND L110
```

FILE 'TOXCENTER' ENTERED AT 14:30:15 ON 15 SEP 2003 COPYRIGHT (C) 2003 ACS

FILE COVERS 1907 TO 9 Sep 2003 (20030909/ED)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

TOXCENTER has been enhanced with new files segments and search fields. See HELP CONTENT for more information.

TOXCENTER thesauri in the /CN, /CT, and /MN fields incorporate the MeSH 2003 vocabulary. See http://www.nlm.nih.gov/mesh/summ2003.html for a description on changes.

L4 STR L6 61 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L4

```
L105 STR
L106 STR
L108 14 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L6 SSS FUL (L105 OR L106)
L112 5 SEA FILE=TOXCENTER ABB=ON L108
```

FILE 'BIOSIS' ENTERED AT 14:30:15 ON 15 SEP 2003 COPYRIGHT (C) 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. (R)

FILE COVERS 1969 TO DATE.
CAS REGISTRY NUMBERS AND CHEMICAL NAMES (CNs) PRESENT FROM JANUARY 1969 TO DATE.

RECORDS LAST ADDED: 10 September 2003 (20030910/ED)

L4	STR
L6	61 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L4
L105	STR
L106	STR
L108	14 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L6 SSS FUL (L105 OR L106)
L113	1 SEA FILE=BIOSIS ABB=ON 1.108

FILE 'USPATFULL' ENTERED AT 14:30:15 ON 15 SEP 2003
CA INDEXING COPYRIGHT (C) 2003 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

FILE 'USPAT2' ENTERED AT 14:30:15 ON 15 SEP 2003 CA INDEXING COPYRIGHT (C) 2003 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

L4	5	STR	
L6	61 8	SEA	FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L4
L105	5	STR	
L106	9	STR	
L108	. 14 5	SEA	FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L6 SSS FUL (L105 OR L106)
L114	11 5	SEA	L108
L115	10080 \$	SEA	BLADDER/IT, TI, AB, CLM
L116	57 S	SEA	(POLLAKIURI? OR POLLAKISURI?)/IT,TI,AB,CLM
L117	2064 \$	SEA	(SMOOTH(2A) MUSCL?)/IT,TI,AB,CLM
L118	123 \$	SEA	(URIN?(3A)(FREQUEN? OR URGEN?))/IT,TI,AB,CLM
L119	3178 \$	SEA	INCONTINEN?/IT,TI,AB,CLM
L120	8 5	SEA	L114 AND (L115 OR L116 OR L117 OR L118 OR L119)

=> dup rem 1111,1120,1113,1112

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 14:30:26 ON 15 SEP 2003

USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.

PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.

COPYRIGHT (C) 2003 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

FILE 'USPATFULL' ENTERED AT 14:30:26 ON 15 SEP 2003
CA INDEXING COPYRIGHT (C) 2003 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

FILE 'BIOSIS' ENTERED AT 14:30:26 ON 15 SEP 2003 COPYRIGHT (C) 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. (R)

FILE 'TOXCENTER' ENTERED AT 14:30:26 ON 15 SEP 2003 COPYRIGHT (C) 2003 ACS PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L111

```
PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L120
PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L113
PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L112
             21 DUP REM L111 L120 L113 L112 (5 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
1.121
                ANSWERS '1-12' FROM FILE CAPLUS
                ANSWERS '13-19' FROM FILE USPATFULL
                ANSWER '20' FROM FILE BIOSIS
                ANSWER '21' FROM FILE TOXCENTER
=> d ibib abs hitstr 1-19; d iall 20-21
L121 ANSWER 1 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 1
                         2003:22634 CAPLUS
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         138:66708
TITLE:
                         Tolterodine metabolites for the treatment of
                         smooth muscle hyperactivity
INVENTOR(S):
                         Aberg, A. K. Gunnar
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                        Bridge Pharma, Inc., USA
                         PCT Int. Appl., 15 pp.
SOURCE:
                         CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Patent
                         English
LANGUAGE:
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
     PATENT NO.
                     KIND
                            DATE
                                           APPLICATION NO.
                      ____
                                           -----
     WO 2003002059
                     A2
                            20030109
                                           WO 2002-US20257 20020626
            AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,
             CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH,
             GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR,
             LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH,
             PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ,
             UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ,
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, CH,
             CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR
            BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, JD,
                     A1 2003/02/06
     US 2003027856
                                          US 2001-895463 20010629
                                       US 2001-895463 A 20010629
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO::
AΒ
    Methods are disclosed for treating smooth muscle hyperactivity, including
     urinary incontinence, while avoiding concomitant liability of adverse
     effects assocd. with tolterodine and the racemic version thereof.
     methods comprise administering a therapeutically effective amt. of a
     mono-iso-Pr metabolite or a parahydroxymethyl metabolite or a
     parahydroxymethyl mono-iso-Pr metabolite of tolterodine or racemic
     versions thereof or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt of either
    metabolite. Pharmaceutical compns. in the form of tablets and transdermal
     devices comprising said compds. and acceptable carriers are also
     disclosed.
IT
     194482-41-2 194482-42-3 200801-70-3
     207679-81-0 480432-14-2 480432-16-4
     RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (tolterodine metabolites for treatment of smooth
        muscle hyperactivity)
RN
     194482-41-2 CAPLUS
CN
     Phenol, 4-methyl-2-[(1R)-3-[(1-methylethyl)amino]-1-phenylpropyl]-(9CI)
     (CA INDEX NAME)
Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).
```

RN 194482-42-3 CAPLUS

CN Benzenemethanol, 4-hydroxy-3-[(1R)-3-[(1-methylethyl)amino]-1-phenylpropyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

RN 200801-70-3 CAPLUS

CN Benzenemethanol, 3-[3-[bis(1-methylethyl)amino]-1-phenylpropyl]-4-hydroxy-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 207679-81-0 CAPLUS

CN Benzenemethanol, 3-[(1R)-3-[bis(1-methylethyl)amino]-1-phenylpropyl]-4-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

```
480432-14-2 · CAPLUS
RN
```

Phenol, 4-methyl-2-[3-[(1-methylethyl)amino]-1-phenylpropyl]- (9CI) CN INDEX NAME)

RN 480432-16-4 CAPLUS

CN Benzenemethanol, 4-hydroxy-3-[3-[(1-methylethyl)amino]-1-phenylpropyl]-(CA INDEX NAME) (9CI)

CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 2 L121 ANSWER 2 OF 21

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2003:242003 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

138:260465

TITLE:

Pharmaceutical composition comprising receptor

agonists and antagonists treatment of urinary disorder

INVENTOR(S):

Arneric, Stephen P.; Andersson, Per-Olof

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

2

SOURCE:

U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 8 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE:

Patent English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PAT	ENT I	NO.		KI!	ND 	DATE			A	PPLI	CATI	ON NO	o. 	DATE	i-1-		bod	S	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
			13 64											2001					
		AE, CO, GM, LS, PL,	AG, CR, HR, LT, PT,	AL, CU, HU, LU, RO,	AM, CZ, ID, LV, RU,	AT, DE, IL, MA, SD,	AU, DK, IN, MD, SE,	AZ, DM, IS, MG, SG,	BA, DZ, JP, MK, SI,	BB, EC, KE, MN, SK,	BG, EE, KG, MW, SL,	BR, ES, KP, MX, TJ,	BY, FI, KR, MZ, TM,	BZ, GB, KZ, NO, TN, KG,	CA, GD, LC, NZ, TR,	CH, GE, LK, OM, TT,	GH, LR, PH, TZ,		
		TJ, GH, CH, PT, NE,	TM GM, CY, SE, SN,	KE, CZ, SK, TD,	LS, DE, TR,	MW, DK,	MZ, EE,	SD, ES, CF,	SL, FI, CG,	SZ, FR, CI,	TZ, GB, CM,	UG, GR, GA,	ZM, IE, GN,	ZW, IT, GQ,	AT, LU, GW,	BE, MC,	BG, NL,		
DRITY	APP	LN.	INFO	. :					US 21					2001					

PRIO

SE 2001-3858 20011120

AΒ The present invention concerns the field of urol. The invention provides

a novel pharmaceutical compn., comprising a pharmaceutically effective combination of (i) a first compd. selected from the group consisting of muscarinic receptor antagonists, 5.alpha.-reductase inhibitors, and .alpha.-adrenergic receptor antagonists, and precursors and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof, and (ii) a second compd. selected from the group consisting of 5-HTla receptor agonists and antagonists, and precursors and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof, and optionally a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or diluent therefor. There is also provided a method of therapeutical treatment of urinary disorder in a mammal, including man, comprising administering to said mammal, including man, in need of such treatment, a therapeutically effective amt. of a compn. according to the invention. A pharmaceutical compn. contained between about 2 mg to about 20 mg of 5a-reductase inhibitor and between about 0.5 mg to about 50 mg of neutral 5-HTla receptor antagonist. The compn. is administered to a patient for the treatment of urinary disorder.

IT 207679-81-0

> RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(pharmaceutical compn. comprising receptor agonists and antagonists treatment of urinary disorder)

RN 207679-81-0 CAPLUS

CN Benzenemethanol, 3-[(1R)-3-[bis(1-methylethyl)amino]-1-phenylpropyl]-4hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

L121 ANSWER 3 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 3

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:17140 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:226330

TITLE: The effect of tolterodine on the pharmacokinetics and

pharmacodynamics of a compination oral contraceptive

containing ethinyl estradiol and levonorgestrel

AUTHOR(S): Olsson, Birgitta; Landgren, Britt-Marie

CORPORATE SOURCE: Experimental Medicine, Biovitrum AB, Stockholm, Swed.

SOURCE: Clinical Therapeutics (2001), 23(11), 1876-1888

CODEN: CLTHDG; ISSN: 0149-2918

PUBLISHER:

Excerpta Medica, Inc.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

Background: Tolterodine is an antimuscarinic agent for the treatment of overactive bladder, a chronic condition that is particularly common in Given the prevalence pattern of overactive bladder and the widespread use of oral contraception, circumstances are likely to arise in which physicians may wish to prescribe tolterodine for patients already taking oral contraceptives. Based on a search of MEDLINE from 1990 to 2001, there have been no studies of whether concomitant use of these agents entails a risk of drug-drug interaction or conception. Objective: This study investigated the effects of tolterodine on the pharmacokinetics and pharmacodynamics of a low-dose combination oral contraceptive (ethinyl

estradiol 30 .mu.g/levonorgestrel 150 .mu.g). Methods: This was an open-label, randomized, 2-period crossover study in healthy women. contraception was given for 21 days either alone or in combination with oral tolterodine 2 mg BID (on days 1-14) over two 28-day contraceptive cycles. Pharmacokinetic assessments were performed on day 14 based on plasma levels of ethinyl estradiol and levonorgestrel up to 24 h after dosing and serum tolterodine levels at 1 to 3 h after dosing. potential for pharmacodynamic interaction was assessed in terms of the risk of failure of suppression of ovulation based on serum levels of estradiol and progesterone measured throughout each cycle. Results: Twenty-four healthy women (age, 23-41 yr [mean, 30 yr]; height, 155-178 cm [mean, 167 cm]; body wt., 51-75 kg [mean, 64 kg]) participated in the study. There was no evidence of a pharmacokinetic interaction between tolterodine and the steroid hormones in the oral contraceptive used, nor did the oral contraceptive show any relevant pharmacokinetic interaction with tolterodine. Serum levels of estradiol and progesterone indicated suppression of ovulation in both treatment periods. Conclusion: In this selected population, coadministration of tolterodine did not affect the contraceptive efficacy of a low-dose combination oral contraceptive contg. ethinyl estradiol and levonorgestrel.

ΙT 200801-70-3

RL: PKT (Pharmacokinetics); BIOL (Biological study) (tolterodine effects on pharmacokinetics and pharmacodynamics of combination oral contraceptive in women)

RN 200801-70-3 CAPLUS

> Benzenemethanol, 3-[3-[bis(1-methylethyl)amino]-1-phenylpropyl]-4-hydroxy-(CA INDEX NAME)

REFERENCE COUNT:

20 THERE ARE 20 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L121 ANSWER 4 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 4

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1999:692703 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

132:87770

TITLE:

CN

Ketoconazole inhibits the metabolism of tolterodine in

subjects with deficient CYP2D6 activity

AUTHOR(S):

Brynne, N.; Forslund, C.; Hallen, B.; Gustafsson, L.

L.; Bertilsson, L.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Department of Clinical Pharmacology, Pharmacia and

Upjohn AB, Stockholm, SE-112 87, Swed.

SOURCE:

British Journal of Clinical Pharmacology (1999),

48(4), 564-572 CODEN: BCPHBM; ISSN: 0306-5251

Blackwell Science Ltd.

PUBLISHER: DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE:

English

The pharmacokinetics and safety of tolterodine and tolterodine metabolites was studied after single-and multiple-dose administration in the absence and presence of ketoconazole, an inhibitor of cytochrome P 450 (CYP) 3A4, in healthy volunteers with deficient CYP2D6 activity, i.e. poor metabolizers of debrisoquine. Eight healthy volunteers received single oral doses (2 mg) of tolterodine L-tartrate. Following a wash-out period

of about 3 mo, six of the subjects participated in a multiple-dose (1 mg twice daily) phase of the study. Ketoconazole 200 mg was given once daily for 4-4.5 days during both the single and multiple dose tolterodine administration phases. Blood samples were drawn and the pharmacokinetics of tolterodine and its metabolites were detd. A decrease (P < 0.01) in apparent oral clearance of tolterodine, from 10-12 1 h-1 to 4.3-4.7 1 h-1, was obtained during concomitant administration of ketoconazole, yielding at least a two-fold increase in the area under the serum concn.-time curve after single as well as after multiple doses following single dose administration of tolterodine. The mean (.+-.s.d.) terminal half-life increased by 50% from 9.7.+-.2.7 h to 15.+-.5.4 h in the presence of ketoconazole. CYP3A4 is the major enzyme involved in the elimination of tolterodine in individuals with deficient CYP2D6 activity (poor metabolizers), since oral clearance of tolterodine decreased by 60% during ketoconazole coadministration. This inhibition resulted in 2.1-fold increase in AUC.

IT 194482-41-2 194482-42-3 207679-81-0,

PNU-200577

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)

(as tolterodine metabolite, ketoconazole inhibits the metab. of tolterodine in human subjects with deficient CYP2D6 activity)

RN 194482-41-2 CAPLUS

CN Phenol, 4-methyl-2-[(1R)-3-[(1-methylethyl)amino]-1-phenylpropyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

RN 194482-42-3 CAPLUS

CN Benzenemethanol, 4-hydroxy-3-[(1R)-3-[(1-methylethyl)amino]-1-phenylpropyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. -Rotation (+).

RN 207679-81-0 CAPLUS

CN Benzenemethanol, 3-[(1R)-3-[bis(1-methylethyl)amino]-1-phenylpropyl]-4-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

REFERENCE COUNT: 27 THERE ARE 27 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L121 ANSWER 5 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 5

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:692702 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 132:87769

TITLE: Fluoxetine inhibits the metabolism of

tolterodine-pharmacokinetic implications and proposed

clinical relevance

AUTHOR(S): Brynne, N.; Svanstrom, C.; Aberg-Wistedt, A.; Hallen,

B.; Bertilsson, L.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Departments of Clinical Pharmacology, Pharmacia and

Upjohn AB, Stockholm, SE-112 87, Swed.

SOURCE: British Journal of Clinical Pharmacology (1999),

48(4), 553-563

CODEN: BCPHBM; ISSN: 0306-5251

PUBLISHER: Blackwell Science Ltd.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

The change in disposition of tolterodine during coadministration of the potent cytochrome P 450 2D6 (CYP2D6) inhibitor fluoxetine was studied. Thirteen patients received tolterodine L-tartrate 2 mg twice daily for 2.5 days, followed by fluoxetine 20 mg once daily for 3 wk and then concomitant administration for an addnl. 2.5 days. They were characterized as extensive metabolizers (EM1 with one functional CYP2D6 gene, EM2 with two functional genes) (5) poor metabolizers (PM). patients, three EM2 and four EM1 and two PM, completed the trial. Following tolterodine administration, the area under the serum concn.-time curve (AUC) of tolterodine was 4.4-times and 30-times higher among EM1 and PM, resp., compared with EM2. The AUC of the 5-hydroxymethyl metabolite (5-HM) was not quantifiable in PM. Fluoxetine significantly decreased (P < 0.002) the oral clearance of tolterodine by 93% in EM2 and by 80% in EM1. The AUC of 5-HM increased in EM2 and decreased in EM1. However, the exposure to the active moiety (unbound tolterodine +5-HM) was not significantly increased in the two phenotypes. The subdivision of the EM group showed a 2.1-fold increase in active moiety in EM2 but the exposure was still similar to EM1 compared with before the interaction. The study suggests a difference in the pharmacokinetics of tolterodine and its 5-hydroxymethyl metabolite depending on the no. of functional CYP2D6 genes. Fluoxetine significantly inhibited the hydroxylation of tolterodine. Despite the effect on the pharmacokinetics of tolterodine in extensive metabolizers, the clin. effect is expected to be within normal variation.

IT 194482-41-2 194482-42-3 207679-81-0,

PNU-200577

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)

(fluoxetine inhibits the metab. of tolterodine-pharmacokinetics)

RN 194482-41-2 CAPLUS

CN Phenol, 4-methyl-2-[(1R)-3-[(1-methylethyl)amino]-1-phenylpropyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

RN 194482-42-3 CAPLUS

CN Benzenemethanol, 4-hydroxy-3-[(1R)-3-[(1-methylethyl)amino]-1-phenylpropyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

RN 207679-81-0 CAPLUS

CN Benzenemethanol, 3-[(1R)-3-[bis(1-methylethyl)amino]-1-phenylpropyl]-4-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 30 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L121 ANSWER 6 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

20<u>03</u>:376645 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

138:374201

TITLE:

Compositions for treatment of postmenopausal female

sexual dysfunction

INVENTOR(S):

Bilkey, Chris R.; Slatter, Greg J.; Versi, Ebrahim

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Pharmacia Corporation, USA

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 26 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

2

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

```
PATENT NO.
                     KIND
                           DATE
                                           APPLICATION NO.
                                                            DATE
     -----
                            _____
    WO 2003039553
                            20030515
                      Α1
                                          WO 2002-US36167 20021112
            AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,
            CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH,
            GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR,
            LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH,
            PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ,
            UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU,
            TJ, TM
        RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE,
            CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL,
             PT, SE, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MF,
            NE, SN, TD, TG
     US 2003118633
                       Α1
                            20030626
                                           US 2002-289903
                                                            20021107
    US 2003130244
                            20030710
                                           US 2002-292742
                                                            20021112
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO .:
                                        US 2001-344507P P
    A set of pharmaceutical dosage forms is provided, each comprising at least
     (c) an antimuscarinic, in total and relative dosage amts. that are
     therapeutically effective in treatment of female sexual dys/unction (FSD)
    or postmenopausal sexual avoidance (PMSA), the dosage forms being adapted
```

two therapeutic agents selected from (a) an estrogen, (b) an androgen, and for intravaginal administration. A method of treatment of FSD or PMSA comprises administering intravaginally, in a treatment regimen extending over a period of at least 7 days, dosage forms at least a portion of which comprise two or more therapeutic agents selected from (a) an estrogen, (b) an androgen, and (c) an antimuscarinic, in total and relative dosage amts. that are therapeutically effective in treatment of FSD or PMSA, wherein no more than one dosage form is administered on any day. Also provided is a kit useful in implementing such a treatment regimen. For example, a vaginal tablet was formulated contg. 25 g estradiol, 1 mg methyltestosterone, and 2 mg tolterodine tartrate, useful as part of a treatment regimen for PMSA. The estradiol was delivered primarily locally for relief of vaginal dryness, soreness and/or irritation. methyltestosterone was delivered systematically to increase libido. tolterodine tartrate was delivered systematically to control urinary incontinence and thereby remove a source of anxiety contributing to PMSA.

IT 207679-81-0, 5-Hydroxymethyltolterodine

> RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (vaginal compns. contg. androgen, estrogen, and antimuscarinic for treatment of postmenopausal sexual dysfunction)

RN 207679-81-0 CAPLUS

CN

Benzenemethanol, 3-[(1R)-3-[bis(1-methylethyl)amino]-1-phenylpropyl]-4hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Jones 09/895463

```
REFERENCE COUNT:
                                THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
                                RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
L121 ANSWER 7 OF 21
                     CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                         2003:376565 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         138:390911
TITLE:
                          Antimuscarinic inhalants for treatment of urinary
                          disorder
INVENTOR(S):
                          Cammarata, Sue K.; Kolbasa, Karen; Palandra, Joe;
                          Richards, Ivan; Warchol, Mark P.
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                          Pharmacia & Upjohn Company, USA
SOURCE:
                          PCT Int. Appl., 28 pp.
                          CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                          Patent
LANGUAGE:
                          English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
     PATENT NO.
                      KIND DATE
                                            APPLICATION NO. DATE
                             _____
                                            -----
                      A2
     WO 2003039464
                             20030515
                                            WO 2002-US35335 20021104
         W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,
             CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH,
             GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR,
             LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PH, PL,
             PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM\(\chi\) TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA,
             UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, XM, ZW, AT, BE, BG,
             CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IL, IT, LU, MC, NL,
             PT, SE, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GM, GQ, GW, ML, MB
             NE, SN, TD, TG
     US 2003144352
                             20030731
                                                              30021104
                       A1
                                            US 2002-287061
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                         US 2001-337298P P 2001/11/05
     The present invention concerns the use of antimuscarinic agents for the
     treatment of urinary disorders. The invention provides a method of
     treating urinary disorder in a mammal, including man, comprising
     administering to said mammal, in need of such a. treatment, Va
     therapeutically effective amt. of an antimuscarinic agent, or solvate or prodrug thereof, said administration being performed by inhalation or
     insufflation. Furthermore, the present invention provides a
     pharmaceutical compn. for treating urinary disorder in/a mammal, including
     man, which is in the form of an inhalable or insufflable preph. and
     comprises a therapeutically effective amt. of an antimuscarinic agent, or
     solvate or prodrug thereof, together with an inhalably or insufflably
     acceptable carrier or diluent therefor. The invention also provides a
     novel use of an antimuscarinic agent, or solvate or prodrug the reof, for
     the manuf. of an inhalable or insufflable medicament for therapeutical
     treatment of urinary disorders. Tolterodine Litartrate for aerdsol
     administration was prepd., and administered to patients with overactive
     bladder to examine the pharmacokinetics.
IT
     207679-81-0
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (antimuscarinic inhalants for treatment of urinary disorder)
RN
     207679-81-0 CAPLUS
CN
     Benzenemethanol, 3-[(1R)-3-[bis(1-methylethyl)amino]-1-phenylpropyl]-4-
     hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
```

L121 ANSWER 8 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:63135 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:17122

TITLE: Effect of tolterodine on the anticoagulant actions and

pharmacokinetics of single-dose warfarin in healthy

volunteers

AUTHOR(S): Rahimy, Mohamad; Hallen, Bengt; Narang, Prem

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dept. of Clinical Pharmacology, Pharmacia Corporation,

Kalamazoo, MI, USA

SOURCE: Arzneimittel-Forschung (2002), 52(12), 890-89

CODEN: ARZNAD; ISSN: 0004-4172

PUBLISHER: Editio Cantor Verlag

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English/German

This randomized, double-blind, crossover study investigated the potential effects of tolterodine ((R)-N,N-diisopropyl-3-(2-hydroxy)-methyl-phenyl)3-phenylpropanamine, CAS 124937-51-5), an antimuscarinic agent for the treatment of the overactive bladder, on the anticoagulant actions and pharmacokinetics of single-dose warfarin (CAS 81-81-2) in 20\healthy ma/e volunteers. In terms of study design, volunteers randomly redeived of al tolterodine L-tartrate (2 mg twice daily) or matching placebo for 7 days, with a single oral dose of warfarin (25 mg) administered on day \bigvee 4 \bigcirc f each treatment period. R-(+)- and S-(-)-warfarin pharmacokinetics were estd. from plasma levels measured up to 96 h post-dose, in conjunction Aith assessment of prothrombin time and factor VII activity. Pharma okinetics of tolterodine and its active 5-hydroxymethyl metabolite ((R)-N, N-diisopropyl-3-(2-hydroxy-5-hydroxymethyl-phenyl)-3phenylpropanamine; 5-HM), in the presence and absence of warfarin, weke also detd. Relative to placebo, tolterodine had no discern/ble effect or the anti-coagulant actions of warfarin. Point ests. of the tolterodine-placebo ratios for prothrombin time and factor VII activity were 1.00 (90% confidence interval [CI]: 0.91-1.10) and \$\int 0.91\$ (90% CI: 0.83-0.99), resp. consistent with equivalence. No clip. significant changes in the pharmacokinetics of R-(+)- and S-(-)-wa/rfarin were noted. Serum concn.-time profiles and the pharmacokinetics ϕ f tolterodine and 5-HM were similar in the presence and absence of warfarin. There were no safety concerns. These findings indicate that co-Administration of tolterodine and warfarin is safe and well tolerated, with no clin. significant pharmacodynamic or kinetic interaction in healthy volunteers.

IT 207679-81-0

RN

RL: PKT (Pharmacokinetics); BIOL (Biological study) (coadministration of tolterodine and warfarin in relation to anticoagulant activity of warfarin and pharmacokinetics of both drugs) 207679-81-0 CAPLUS

CN Benzenemethanol, 3-[(1R)-3-[bis(1-methylethyl)amino]-1-phenylpropyl]-4-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

REFERENCE COUNT:

19 THERE ARE 19 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L121 ANSWER 9 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2001:359788 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

134:371775

TITLE:

Pharmaceutical formulation containing tolterodine for

bladder disorders

INVENTOR(S):

Nilvebrant, Lisbeth; Hallen, Bengt; Olsson, Birgitta;

Stroembom, Jan; Gren, Torkel; Ringberg, Anders;

Wikberg, Martin

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

SOURCE:

Pharmacia AB, Swed. PCT Int. Appl., 23 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

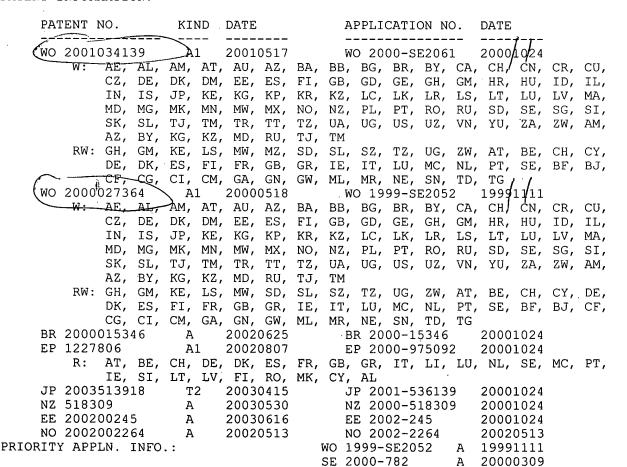
DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

Patent English 4



SE 1998-3871 19981111 Α WO 1999-SE1463 19990826 WO 2000-SE2061 W 20001024

The invention relates to a pharmaceutical formulation contg. tolterodine or a tolterodine-related compd., or a pharmacol. acceptable salt thereof, as active ingredient, in which the formulation exhibits a controlled in vitro release of the active ingredient in phosphate buffer at pH 6.8 of not less than about 80 after 18 h, and after oral administration to a patient is capable of maintaining a substantially const. serum level of the active moiety or moieties for 24 h. The invention also relates to the use of the pharmaceutical formulation for treating overactive bladder and gastrointestinal disorders. Controlled release beads and capsules comprising multilayers were prepd. contq. tolterodine L-tartrate were prepd.

IT 207679-81-0

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); MFM (Metabolic formation); BIOL (Biological study); FORM (Formation, nonpreparative); PROC (Process)

(pharmaceutical formulation contg. tolterodine for bladder disorders)

RN 207679-81-0 CAPLUS

Benzenemethanol, 3-[(1R)-3-[bis(1-methylethyl)amino]-1-phenylpropyl]-4-CN (CA INDEX NAME) hydroxy- (9CI)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

3 REFERENCE COUNT: THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN L121 ANSWER 10 OF 21

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2000:533448 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

133:155419

TITLE:

Stable salts of novel derivatives of

3,3-diphenylpropylamines

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Schwarz Pharma A.-G., Germany

SOURCE:

Ger. Gebrauchsmusterschrift, 37 pp.

CODEN: GGXXFR

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO. I	DATE
DE 29923134	U1	20000803	DE 1999-29923134 1	1999/11/16
DE 19955190	A1	20010621	DE 1999-19955190 1	
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.	:	·	DE 1999-19955190 IA 1	19991116

OTHER SOURCE(S): GI

MARPAT 133:155419

AB 3,3-Diphenylpropylamine salts I [R1 = RCO2; R = C1-6 alkyl, C3-10 cycloalkyl, (substituted) Ph; R2 = CH2OH; X = inorg. or org. acid] are prepd. for use as prodrugs of agents for treatment of urinary incontinence and other spasmogenic disorders. I show improved absorption through biol. membranes and improved metabolic patterns and are easily crystd. I are prepd. from I free base (R1 = PhCH2O, R2 = CO2Me) by debenzylation, redn., acylation, and combination with HX. Thus, R-(-)-I-HCl (R1 = PhCH2O, R2 = CO2H) was esterified by refluxing in acidic MeOH, the ester was reduced with LiAlH4, the resulting carbinol was reduced with Raney Ni/H2, and the product [R-(+)-I free base, R = CHMe2] was converted to its H fumarate salt by heating with equimolar fumaric acid in 2-butanone; the salt was crystd. by addn. of cyclohexanone and cooling to 0.degree.

IT 200801-70-3P 207679-81-0P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(stable salts of novel derivs. of diphenylpropylamines)

RN 200801-70-3 CAPLUS

CN Benzenemethanol, 3-[3-[bis(1-methylethyl)amino]-1-phenylpropyl]-4-hydroxy-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 207679-81-0 CAPLUS

CN Benzenemethanol, 3-[(1R)-3-[bis(1-methylethyl)amino]-1-phenylpropyl]-4-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN L121 ANSWER 11 OF 21

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:167160

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

131:13797

TITLE:

Pharmacological effects of tolterodine on human

isolated urinary bladder

AUTHOR(S):

Yono, Makoto; Yoshida, Masaki; Wada, Yoshihiro;

Kikukawa, Hiroaki; Takahashi, Wataru; Inadome, Akito;

Seshita, Hiroshi; Ueda, Shoichi

CAPLUS

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Department of Urology, School of Medicine, Kumamoto

University, Kumamoto, 860-8556, Japan

SOURCE:

European Journal of Pharmacology (1999), 368(2/3),

223-230

CODEN: EJPHAZ; ISSN: 0014-2999

PUBLISHER:

Elsevier Science B.V.

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE:

English (R)-N, N-diisopropyl-3-(2-hydroxy-5-methylphenyl)-3-

phenylpropanamine, is an antimuscarinic drug developed for the treatment of overactive bladder with symptoms of frequency, urgency and urge incontinence. The authors investigated the effects of tolterodine and its major active metabolite, QD UI (PNU-200577), (R)-N,N-diisopropyl-3-(2-hydroxy-5-hydroxymethylphenyl)-3-phenylpropanamine, on the contractions induced by carbachol, KCl, CaCl2 and elec. field stimulation in human isolated urinary bladder smooth muscles, using the muscle bath technique. Specimens of human urinary bladder were obtained from 20 patients who underwent total cystectomy due to malignant bladder tumor. The detrusor prepns. were taken from the intact part of the dome region of the bladder. Carbachol (10-9-10-2 M) caused concn.-dependent contraction of human detrusor smooth muscles. Tolterodine (10-9-10-6 M), (00-9-10-6 M), oxybutynin (10-8-10-6 M), propiverine (10-8-10-6 M), atropine (10-9-10-6 M)M), pirenzepine (10-8-10-5 M), methoctramine (10-8-10-5 M) and 4-diphenylacetoxy-N-methylpiperidine (4-DAMP) (10-9-10-6 M) caused typical shifts to the right of the concn.-response curves for carbachol, except for higher concns. (10-5 M) of oxybutynin and propiverine, which caused a decrease of about 30% of the max. contractile responses to carbachol. All the slopes of the regression lines of Schild plots were close to unity, and the rank order of pA2 values was: atropine = DD 01 = tolterodine = $\,$ 4-DAMP = oxybutynin > propiverine = pirenzepine > methoctramine. Tolterodine (10-9-10-6 M) and DD 01 (10-9-10-6 M) did not inhibit the KCl-induced (80 mM) and CaCl2-induced (5 mM) contractions, while oxybutynin (10-8-10-5 M) and propiverine (10-8-10-5 M) significantly inhibited the contractions. Elec. field stimulation (2-60 Hz) caused frequency-dependent contraction of human detrusor smooth muscles, which were significantly inhibited by various drugs. In the presence of $10-6\,$ M atropine, tolterodine and DD 01 did not inhibit the residual contractions induced by elec. field stimulation at any of the frequencies, while oxybutynin (10-5 M) and propiverine (10-5 M) significantly inhibited the atropine-resistant part of the contractions. The results suggest that the inhibitory effects of tolterodine and DD 01 are mediated only by their

antimuscarinic action, which is equal to that of oxybutynin and significantly greater than that of propiverine, and that tolterodine and DD 01 have neither Ca2+ channel antagonist action nor inhibitory effect on the atropine-resistant part of the contractions in human detrusor smooth muscles. These findings support the usefulness of tolterodine as a therapeutic drug for overactive bladder with symptoms of frequency, urgency and urge incontinence.

IT 207679-81-0, PNU-200577

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)

(pharmacol. effects of tolterodine and its metabolite on human isolated urinary bladder contraction)

RN 207679-81-0 CAPLUS

CN Benzenemethanol, 3-[(1R)-3-[bis(1-methylethyl)amino]-1-phenylpropyl]-4-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

REFERENCE COUNT:

35 THERE ARE 35 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L121 ANSWER 12 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1998:682217 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

129:316029

TITLE:

Novel 3-aryl-3-phenylpropanamines with anticholinergic

activity, their use in the treatment of urinary

incontinence, and their preparation

INVENTOR(S):

Johansson, Rolf; Haraldsson, Martin; Ringberg, Erik; Vagberg, Jan; Beierlein, Katarina; Emond, Rikard;

Sjoberg, Birger

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Pharmacia and Upjohn AB, Swed.

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 88 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE:

Patent English

A1

19981022

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

AU 9867552

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE _____ -----WO 9843942 19981008 Α1 WO 1998-SE556 19980326 ₩: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, GM, GW, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA; UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG ZA 9802478 19981008 ZA 1998-2478 19980324 Α

AU 1998-67552

19980326

```
AU 739186
                         B2
                              20011004
     BR 9808069
                         Α
                              20000308
                                              BR 1998-8069
                                                                 19980326
     EP 1019358
                        Α1
                              20000719
                                              EP 1998-912864
                                                                 19980326
     EP 1019358
                        В1
                              20030507
              AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
              IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO
     JP 2001522355
                        T2
                              20011113
                                              JP 1998-541548
                                                                 19980326
     AT 239693
                         E
                              20030515
                                              AT 1998-912864
                                                                 19980326
                         Α
     NO 9904438
                              19991126
                                              NO 1999-4438
                                                                 19990913
     MX 9908862
                         Α
                              20000228
                                              MX 1999-8862
                                                                 19990927
                         В1
     ŲS 6313132
                              20011106
                                              US 1999-381868
                                                                 19990927
PRIORITY APPLN.
                 INFO :
                                           SE 1997-1144
                                                             A
                                                                 <del>19970327</del>
                                           WO 1998-SE556
                                                              W
                                                                 19980326
```

OTHER SOURCE(S):

MARPAT 129:316029

$$R^{2}$$
 R^{2}
 R^{1}
 R^{6}
 R^{7}
 R^{7

AB The invention relates to novel compds. I [wherein R1 = alkoxy, CF3, amino, alkanoylamino, alkanoyloxy, halo, hydroxya1kyl; R2, R3 = H, OH, alkyl, alkoxy, hydroxyalkyl, halo, carbamoyl, etc.; R4 = (un) substituted alkyl or amino, CHO, CO2H, NO2, cyano, N3, alkoxy, and may also be H, Me, OMe, etc. under some circumstances; R5 = H, halo, alkyl; Ar = (un)substituted (hetero)aryl; R6, R7 = hydrocarbyl with optional OH groups or O bridge(s), and may form a ring; with several provisos), their salts with physiol. acceptable acids, their racemic mixts., and the individual enantiomers. The compds. have anticholinergic activity, and in particular are of use in the treatment of urinary incontinence. Sixty synthetic examples are given, and approx. 90 compds. (including free bases and salts) were prepd. and/or claimed. For instance, Wittig-type reaction of (EtO)2P(O)CH2CON(Pr-iso)2 with 2-fluorobenzophenone, followed by hydrogenation of the formed olefin and redn. of the amide with LiAlH4, gave after acidification, title compd. II.HCl. In a test for inhibition of carbachol-induced contraction of isolated guinea pig bladder strips, II had a KB value of 10 nM, and other compds. had values ranging from 1.18 nM to 3315 nM.

IT 207679-81-0 214601-94-2

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (starting material; prepn. of arylphenylpropanamines as anticholinergic
 agents)

RN 207679-81-0 CAPLUS

CN Benzenemethanol, 3-[(1R)-3-[bis(1-methylethyl)amino]-1-phenylpropyl]-4-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 214601-94-2 CAPLUS

CN Benzeneacetic acid, .alpha.-hydroxy-, compd. with 3-[(1R)-3-[bis(1-methylethyl)amino]-1-phenylpropyl]-4-hydroxybenzenemethanol (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 207679-81-0 CMF C22 H31 N O2

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

CM 2

CRN 90-64-2 CMF C8 H8 O3

REFERENCE COUNT:

5 THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L121 ANSWER 13 OF 21

ACCESSION NUMBER:

TITLE:

INVENTOR(S):

USPATFULL on STN

2003:207991 USPAPFULL Antimuscarinic aerosol

Cammarata, Sue K., Portage, MI, UNITED STATES Kolbasa, Karen, Schoolcraft, MI, UNITED STATES Palandra, Joe, Kalamazoo, MI, UNITED STATES Richards, Ivan, Kalamazoo, MI, UNITED STATES Warchol, Mark P., Kalamazoo, MI, UNITED STATES

NUMBER KIND DATE

PATENT INFORMATION:

US 2003144352

20030731 Α1 Α1

APPLICATION INFO.:

US 2002-287061

20021104 (10)

NUMBER DATE

PRIORITY INFORMATION:

US 2001-337298P

2001/11/05 (60)

DOCUMENT TYPE: FILE SEGMENT:

Utility APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

DINSMORE & SHOHL, LLP, 1900 CHEMED CENTER, 255 EAST

FIFTH STREET, CINCINNATI, OH, 45202

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:

2 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT:

681

33

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

The present invention concerns the use of antimus arinic agents for the treatment of urinary disorders. The invention provides a method of treating urinary disorder in a mammal, including man comprising administering to said mammal, in need of such a treatment, a therapeutically effective amount of an antimuscarinic agent or solvate or prodrug thereof, said administration being performed by inhalation or insufflation.

Furthermore, the present invention provides # pharmaceutical composition for treating urinary disorder in a mammal, including man, which is in the form of an inhalable or insufflable preparation and comprises a therapeutically effective amount of an antimuscarinic agent, or solvate or prodrug thereof, together with an inhalably or insufflably acceptable carrier or diluent therefor.

The invention also provides a novel use of an antimuscarinic agent, or solvate or prodrug thereof, for the manufacture of an inhalable or insufflable medicament for therapeutical treatment of urinary disorders:

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

IT 207679-81-0

(antimuscarinic inhalants for treatment of urinary disorder)

RN 207679-81-0 USPATFULL

CN Benzenemethanol, 3-[(1R)-3-[bis(1-methylethyl)amino]-1-phenylpropyl]-4hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

OH Ph

L121 ANSWER 14 OF 21

USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: TITLE:

2003:180352 USPATFULL

Transdermally administered tolterodine as

anti-muscarinic agent for the treatment of overactive

INVENTOR(S):

bladder Jadobsen, Lene Otup, Gentofte, DENMARK

Kreilgard, Bo Hillerod, DENMARK

Hoeck, Ulla, Hillerod, DENMARK

Kristensen, Helle, Slangerup, DENMARK Pharmacia AB (non-U.S. corporation)

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

NUMBER KIND DATE

PATENT INFORMATION:

APPLICATION INFO.:

US 2003124179 A1 20030703 US 2002-301719 A1 2002122 (10) Continuation of Ser. No. US/2001-763654, filed on 30

RELATED APPLN. INFO.:

Apr 2001, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 6517864 A 371 of International Ser. No. WO 1999-SE1464, filed on 26 Aug

1999, UNKNOWN

NUMBER .

PRIORITY INFORMATION:

SE 1998-2864

DOCUMENT TYPE: FILE SEGMENT:

Utility APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

BIRCH STEWART KOLASCH & BIRCH, PO BOX 747, FALLS

CHURCH, VA, 22040-0747

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

35 1

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: LINE COUNT:

32 Drawing Page(s)

1427

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB

The present invention is drawn to set of formulations of at least one compound selected from tolterodine, salts thereof, prodrugs thereof and/or metabolites thereof, wherein in the set of formulations contains at least one device for transdermal administration and at least one formulation for oral, sublingual, buccal, nasal, pulmonary, rectal and/or other transmucosal administration, in order to achieve an effect against overactive bladder and/or symptoms associated with this condition. The present invention is further drawn to methods of treating an overactive **bladder** with the formulations.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

207679-81-0

(controlled-release tolterodine formulations)

RN .207679-81-0 USPATFULL

CN Benzenemethanol, 3-[(1R)-3-[bis(1-methylethyl)amino]-1-phenylpropyl]-4hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

USPATEULL on STN L121 ANSWER 15 OF 21

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2003:38209 USPATFULL

NUMBER

TITLE: INVENTOR(S):

Tolterodine metabolites Aberg, A.K. Gunnar, Sarasota, FL, UNITED STATES

KIND

DATE

```
PATENT INFORMATION:
                        US 2003027856
                                                 20030206
                                            Α1
APPLICATION INFO.:
                        US 2001-895463
                                            Α1
                                                 2001/0629
                                                           (9)
                        Utility-
DOCUMENT TYPE:
FILE SEGMENT:
                         APPLICATION-
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:
                        Kevin S. Lemack, Nields & Lemack, Suite 8, 176 E. Main
                        Street, Westboro, MA 01581
NUMBER OF CLAIMS:
                         17
EXEMPLARY CLAIM:
                         1
                         462
LINE COUNT:
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
AB
       Methods for treating smooth muscle hyperactivity,
       including urinary incontinence, while avoiding concomitant
       liability of adverse effects associated with tolterodine and the racemic
       version thereof are disclosed. The methods comprise administering a
       therapeutically effective amount of a mono-isopropyl metabolite or a
       parahydroxymethyl metabolite or a parahydroxymethyl mono-isopropyl
       metabolite of tolterodine or racemic versions thereof or a
       pharmaceutically acceptable salt of either metabolite. Pharmaceutical
       compositions in the form of tablets and transdermal devices comprising
       said compounds and acceptable carriers are also disclosed
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
    194482-41-2 194482-42-3 200801-70-3
      207679-81-0 480432-14-2 480432-16-4
        (tolterodine metabolites for treatment of smooth
        muscle hyperactivity)
RN
     194482-41-2 USPATFULL
CN
     Phenol, 4-methyl-2-[(1R)-3-[(1-methylethyl)amino]-1-phenylpropyl]-(9CI)
       (CA INDEX NAME)
                                   Rotation (+).
       Absolute stereochemistry.
   OH
         Ph
                   NHPr-i
  Me
```

Benzenemethanol, 4-hydroxy-3-[(1R)-3-[(1-methylethyl)amino]-1-

phenylpropyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

194482-42-3 USPATFULL

RN

CN

RN. 200801-70-3 USPATFULL

09/895463

CN Benzenemethanol, 3-[3-[bis(1-methylethyl)amino]-1-phenylpropyl]-4-hydroxy-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 207679-81-0 USPATFULL

CN Benzenemethanol, 3-[(1R)-3-[bis(1-methylethyl)amino]-1-phenylpropyl]-4-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

RN 480432-14-2 USPATFULL

CN Phenol, 4-methyl-2-[3-[(1-methylethyl)amino]-1-phenylpropyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 480432-16-4 USPATFULL

CN Benzenemethanol, 4-hydroxy-3-[3-[(1-methylethyl)amino]-1-phenylpropyl](9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L121 ANSWER 16 OF 21 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:40432 USPATFULL

TITLE: Transdermally administered tolterodine as

anti-muscarinic agent for the treatment of overactive

bladder

INVENTOR(S): Orup Jacobsen, Jene, Gentofte, DENMARK

Kreilgard, Bo, Hillerod, DENMARK Hoeck, Ulla, Hillerod, DENMARK

Kristensen, Helle, Slangerup, DENMARK

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Pharmacia AB, Stockholm, SWEDEN (non-U.S. corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE _____ -----US 6517864 PATENT INFORMATION: B1 20030211 WO 2000012070 20000309 US 2001-763654 APPLICATION INFO.: 20010430 (9) WO 1999-SE1464 19990826

NUMBER DATE

PRIORITY INFORMATION: SE 1998-2864 19980827

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility FILE SEGMENT: GRANTED

PRIMARY EXAMINER: Page, Thurman K. ASSISTANT EXAMINER: Sheikh, Humera N.

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Birch, Stewart, Kolasch & Birch, LLP

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 36 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 35 Drawing Figure(s); 32 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 1381

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

Device for transdermal administration of tolteredine, optionally encompassing salts, prodrugs and metabolites thereof, optionally together with pharmaceutically acceptable carrier(s) to a human being or an animal in order to achieve an effect against overactive bladder. Use of a compound having an effect against overactive bladder comprising tolterodine, optionally encompassing salts, prodrugs and metabolites thereof, and optionally together with pharmaceutically acceptable carrier(s), for the manufacture of a composition to be administered transdermally for achieving an effect against overactive bladder. Method for achieving an effect against overactive bladder in a living body by transdermal administration of a compound comprising tolterodine, optionally encompassing salts, prodrugs and metabolites thereof, and optionally together with pharmaceutically acceptable carrier(s).

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

IT 207679-81-0

(controlled-release tolterodine formulations)

RN 207679-81-0 USPATFULL

CN Benzenemethanol, 3-[(1R)-3-[bis(1-methylethyl)amino]-1-phenylpropyl]-4-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L121 ANSWER 17 OF 21 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

INVENTOR(S):

2001:197029 USPATFULL

TITLE:

Therapeutically active diarylpropylamines; their

pharmaceutically acceptable salts; a method for their

preparation and method for their use Johansson, Rolf, Huddinge, Sweden

Maraldsson, Martin, Taby, Sweden Ringberg, Erik, Uppsala, Sweden Vagberg, Ian, Sollentuna, Sweden Beierlein, Katarina, Uppsala, Sweden Emond, Rikard, Saltsjobaden, Sweden

Sjoberg, Birger, Sollentuna, Sweden

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Pharmacia AB, Stockholm, Sweden (non-U.S. corporation)

	NUMBER	KIND	DATE	
PATENT INFORMATION:	US 6313132 WO 9843942	B1	20011106	
APPLICATION INFO.:	US 1999-381868 WO 1998-SE556		19990927 19980326	(9)
			19990927 19990927	PCT 371 dat PCT 102(e)

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility FILE SEGMENT: GRANTED

PRIMARY EXAMINER: Oswecki, Jane C.

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Birch, Stewart, Kolasch & Birch, LLP

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 33 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1 LINE COUNT: 2364

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

The invention relates to novel compounds of Formula (I) wherein R.sup.1, R.sup.2, R.sup.3, R.sup.4, R.sup.5, R.sup.6, R.sup.7 and Ar are as defined in claim 1, their salts with physiologically acceptable acids and, when the compounds can be in the form of optical isomers, the racemic mixture and the individual enantiomers. The compounds have anticholinergic activity, and the invention also relates to the compounds of Formula (I), the use of the compounds of Formula (I) for preparing anticholinergic drugs, the use of the compounds of Formula (I) for treating urinary tract incontinence, and methods for preparing the compounds of Formula (I). ##STR1##

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

IT 207679-81-0 214601-94-2

(starting material; prepn. of arylphenylpropanamines as anticholinergic agents)

RN 207679-81-0 USPATFULL

CN Benzenemethanol, 3-[(1R)-3-[bis(1-methylethyl)amino]-1-phenylpropyl]-4hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

RN 214601-94-2 USPATFULL

CN Benzeneacetic acid, .alpha.-hydroxy-, compd. with 3-[(1R)-3-[bis(1methylethyl)amino]-1-phenylpropyl]-4-hydroxybenzenemethanol (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 207679-81-0 CMF C22 H31 N O2

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

CM 2

CRN 90-64-2 CMF C8 H8 O3

Ph HO-CH-CO2H

L121 ANSWER 18 OF 21 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

97:104490 USPATFULL

TITLE:

INVENTOR(S):

3,3-diphenylpropylamines, their use and preparation

Johansson, Rolf Arne, Huddinge, Sweden Moses, Pinchas, Satsjo-Boo, Sweden

Nilvebrant, Lisbeth, Bromma, Sweden

Sparf, Bengt .ANG.ke, Tr.ang.ngsund, Sweden

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Pharmacia AB, Stockholm, Sweden (non-U.S corporation)

NUMBER

KIND DATE

PATENT INFORMATION:

US 5686464

Searched by Barb O'Bryen, STIC 308-4291

APPLICATION INFO.: US 1996-684638

19960722 (8) Division of Ser. No. US 1995-432113, filed on 5 May

1995, now patented, Pat. No. US 5559269

NUMBER DATE

PRIORITY INFORMATION:

SE 1992-3318

19921106

DOCUMENT TYPE: FILE SEGMENT:

Utility

Granted

PRIMARY EXAMINER:

Krass, Frederick

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

RELATED APPLN. INFO.:

Birch, Stewart, Kolasch & Birch, LLP

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

10 1

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:

1 Drawing Figure(s); 1 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT:

628

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB

A 3,3-diphenylpropylamine of the formula I, or its physiologically acceptable acid salt thereof: ##STR1## wherein R.sup.1 represents hydrogen or methyl, R.sup.2 and R.sup.3 independently represent hydrogen, methyl, methoxy, hydroxy, carbamoyl, sulphamoyl or halogen, and X represents a tertiary amino group of formula II ##STR2## wherein R.sup.4 and R.sup.5 independently represent a hydroxy substituted or unsubstituted non-aromatic hydrocarbyl group which can join together to form a ring and which together contain at least three carbon atoms, wherein at least one of R.sup.4 and R.sup.5 is hydroxy substituted, is useful in treating acetylcholine-mediated disorders such as urinary incontinence.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

156755-20-3P 156755-22-5P 207679-81-0P IT 260389-90-0P

(prepn. of, as anticholinergic)

RN 156755-20-3 USPATFULL

CN Benzeneacetic acid, .alpha.-hydroxy-, (.alpha.S)-, compd. with 3-[(1R)-3-[bis(1-methylethyl)amino]-1-phenylpropyl]-4-

hydroxybenzenemethanol (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 207679-81-0 CMF C22 H31 N O2

> Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

CM

CRN 17199-29-0 CMF C8 H8 O3

09/895463

RN 156755-22-5 USPATFULL

CN Benzeneacetic acid, .alpha.-hydroxy-, (.alpha.S)-, compd. with 3-[(1S)-3-[bis(1-methylethyl)amino]-1-phenylpropyl]-4-hydroxybenzenemethanol (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 260389-90-0 CMF C22 H31 N O2

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).

CM 2

CRN 611-71-2 CMF C8 H8 O3

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).

CN

RN 207679-81-0 USPATFULL

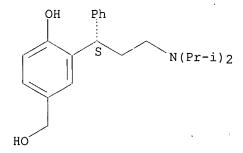
Benzenemethanol, 3-[(1R)-3-[bis(1-methylethyl)amino]-1-phenylpropyl]-4-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 260389-90-0 USPATFULL

CN

Benzenemethanol, 3-[(1S)-3-[bis(1-methylethyl)amino]-1-phenylpropyl]-4-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



L121 ANSWER 19 OF 21 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 96:87757 USPATFULL

TITLE: 3,3-diphenylpropylamines, their use and preparation

INVENTOR(S): Johansson, Rolf A., Huddinge, Sweden
Moses, Pinchas, Satsi o-Boo, Sweden

Moses, Pinchas, Satsj o-Boo, Sweden Nilvebrant, Lisbeth, Bromma, Sweden

Sparf, Bengt .ANG.., Tr.ang.ngsund, Sweden

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Pharmacia AB, Stockholm, Sweden (non-U.S. corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE

PATENT INFORMATION: US 5559269 19960924
APPLICATION INFO.: US 1995-432113 19950505 (8)

NUMBER DATE

PRIORITY INFORMATION: SE 1992-3318 19921106 DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility FILE SEGMENT: Granted

PRIMARY EXAMINER: Hamilton, III, Thomas

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Birch, Stewart, Kolasch & Birch, LLP

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 15 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 1 Drawing Figure(s); 1 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 674

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

The invention relates to 3,3-diphenylpropylamines of formula (I), wherein R.sup.1 signifies hydrogen or methyl, R.sup.2 and R.sup.3 independently signify hydrogen, methyl, methoxy, hydroxy, carbamoyl, sulphamoyl or halogen, and X represents a tertiary amino group of formula (II), wherein R.sup.4 and R.sup.5 signify non-aromatic hydrocarbyl groups, which may be the same or different and which together contain at least three carbon atoms, and wherein R.sup.4 and R.sup.5 may form a ring together with the amine nitrogen, their salts with physiologically acceptable acids and, when the compounds can be in the form of optical isomers, the racemic mixture and the individual enantiomers. The invention also relates to methods for their preparation, pharmaceutical compositions containing the novel compounds, and the use of the compounds for preparing drugs ##STR1##

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

IT 156755-20-3P 156755-22-5P 207679-81-0P

260389-90-0P

(prepn. of, as anticholinergic)

156755-20-3 USPATFULL RN CN

Benzeneacetic acid, .alpha.-hydroxy-, (.alpha.S)-, compd. with 3-[(1R)-3-[bis(1-methylethyl)amino]-1-phenylpropyl]-4hydroxybenzenemethanol (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM

CRN 207679-81-0 CMF C22 H31 N O2

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

CM 2

CRN 17199-29-0 CMF C8 H8 O3

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

RN 156755-22-5 USPATFULL

CN Benzeneacetic acid, .alpha.-hydroxy-, (.alpha.S)-, compd. with 3-[(1S)-3-[bis(1-methylethyl)amino]-1-phenylpropyl]-4hydroxybenzenemethanol (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM1

CRN 260389-90-0 CMF C22 H31 N O2

CM

CRN 611-71-2 CMF C8 H8 O3

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).

207679-81-0 USPATFULL RN

CN Benzenemethanol, 3-[(1R)-3-[bis(1-methylethyl)amino]-1-phenylpropyl]-4hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Rotation (+). Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 260389-90-0 USPATFULL

CN Benzenemethanol, 3-[(1S)-3-[bis(1-methylethyl)amino]-1-phenylpropyl]-4hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).

L121 ANSWER 20 OF 21 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:376634 BIOSIS DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV200200376634

TITLE:

Effect of muscarinic antagonists on micturition pressure

measured by cystometry in normal, conscious rats.

AUTHOR(S): Modiri, Ali-Reza (1); Alberts, Peteris; Gillberg,

CORPORATE SOURCE: (1) Department of Pharmacology, Biovitrum, UF5-1 Uppsala, SE-751 37 Sweden

SOURCE: (June, 2002) 5/9, No. 6, pp. 963-\$6/8 Urology, Wol.

http://www.elsevier.com/logate/urologyonline.print.

Searched by Barb O'Bryen, STIC 308-4291 Jones 09/895463

-

Page 35

ISSN: 0090-4295.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Article LANGUAGE: English

ABSTRACT:

Objectives: To establish an in vivo model to screen new muscarinic antagonists for the treatment of overactive urinary bladder and to calculate the respective ID50 values. Methods: The conscious rat cystometry model was modified to determine a complete dose-response curve in each animal. Spontaneous micturition was induced by infusion of room-temperature saline into rat bladders at a constant rate of 12 mL/hr. Cumulative doses of muscarinic antagonists administered in the femoral vein caused dose-dependent inhibition of the urinary bladder contraction measured as the micturition pressure. In addition, the in vitro pKB values for atropine, PNU-200577 (DD01), tolterodine, oxybutynin, and terodiline were determined in carbachol-contracted rat bladder strips. Results: The rank order of the in vivo ID50 values were atropine (14+-4 nmol/kg), PNU-200577 (22+-12 nmol/kg), tolterodine (94+-20 nmol/kg), oxybutynin (175+-89 nmol/kg), darifenacin (236+-144 nmol/kg), desethyloxybutynin (313+-209 nmol/kg)nmol/kg), propiverine (4561+-2079 nmol/kg), and terodiline (18,339+-5348 nmol/kq). Tolterodine and PNU-200577 caused a parallel shift of the in vitro concentration-response curve to the right and did not alter the maximal contraction. The ID50 values correlated significantly with the in vitro rat pKB and human bladder pA2 values. Conclusions: The present results suggest that the rat cystometry model can be used in in vivo screening for new muscarinic antagonists.

CONCEPT CODE: Biochemical Studies - General *10060

Pathology, General and Miscellaneous - Therapy *12512 Urinary System and External Secretions - Physiology and

Biochemistry *15504

Urinary System and External Secretions - Pathology *15506

Pharmacology - General *22002

Pharmacology - Drug Metabolism; Metabolic Stimulators

*22003

Pharmacology - Cardiovascular System *22010 Pharmacology - Neuropharmacology *22024

BIOSYSTEMATIC CODE: Muridae 86375 INDEX TERMS: Major Concepts

Pharmacology; Urinary System (Chemical Coordination and

Homeostasis)

INDEX TERMS: Parts, Structures, & Systems of Organisms

urinary bladder: excretory system

INDEX TERMS: Diseases

urinary bladder overactivity: drug therapy, urologic

disease

INDEX TERMS: Chemicals & Biochemicals

PNU-200577 [DD01]: intravenous administration, muscarinic antagonist, pharmacokinetics; carbachol: autonomic - drug, cholinergic - drug; oxybutynin: intravenous administration,

muscarinic antagonist, pharmacokinetics; terodiline:

calcium channel blocker - drug, intravenous administration,

muscarinic antagonist, pharmacokinetics; tolterodine: intravenous administration, muscarinic antagonist,

pharmacokinetics

INDEX TERMS: Methods & Equipment

cystometry: evaluation method

INDEX TERMS: Miscellaneous Descriptors

drug dosage; micturition pressure

ORGANISM: Super Taxa

Muridae: Rodentia, Mammalia, Vertebrata, Chordata, Animalia

ORGANISM: . Organism Name

Sprague-Dawley rat (Muridae): animal model

ORGANISM: Organism Superterms

Animals; Chordates; Mammals; Nonhuman Mammals; Nonhuman

Vertebrates; Rodents; Vertebrates

REGISTRY NUMBER:

207679-81-0 (PNU-200577) 51-83-2 (CARBACHOL) 5633-20-5 (OXYBUTYNIN) 15793-40-5 (TERODILINE) 124937-51-5 (TOLTERODINE) structure printed at end

L121 ANSWER 21 OF 21 TOXCENTER COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2001:178220 TOXCENTER

COPYRIGHT:

Copyright 2003 ACS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

CA13517235852Z

TITLE:

Multiple dose pharmacokinetics of a new once daily

extended release tolterodine formulation versus immediate

release tolterodine

AUTHOR(S):

Olsson, Birgitta; Szamost, Johan-

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Experimental Medicine, Biovitrum, Division of Pharmacia,

Stockholm, Swed..

SOURCE:

Clinical Pharmacokinetics (2001) Vol. 40, No. 3, pp.

227-235.

CODEN: CPKNDH. ISSN: 0312-5963.

COUNTRY:

SWEDEN Journal

DOCUMENT TYPE: FILE SEGMENT:

CAPLUS

OTHER SOURCE:

CAPLUS 2001:341549

LANGUAGE:

English

ENTRY DATE:

Entered STN: 20011116

Last Updated on STN: 20020319

ABSTRACT:

Objective: To det. the multiple dose pharmacokinetics of a new extended release (ER) capsule formulation of tolterodine, compared with the existing immediate release (IR) tablet, in healthy volunteers. Design: Nonblind, randomized, 2-way crossover trial. Participants: 19 healthy volunteers (7 females, 12 males), mean age 33 yr (range 18 to 55 yr). Prior to the study, all volunteers were classified as either extensive or poor metabolizers by cytochrome P 450 2D6 genotyping. Methods: Volunteers received tolter dine ER 4mg once daily or tolterodine IR 2mg twice daily for 6 days (all doses given \as the L-tartrate salt). A washout period of 7 days sepd. the 2 txeatments. Serum concns. of tolterodine, its active 5-hydroxymethyl metabolite (5-HM) and the active moiety (extensive metabolizers: sum of unbound tolterodine + 5-HM; poor metabolizers: unbound tolterodine) were measured for up to 48 h post-dose on day 6 (steady state). Tolerability was also detd. Results: 17 volunteers (13 extensive metabolizers, 4 poor metabolizers) completed the study and were evaluable for both treatment periods. The 90% confidence interval for the geometric mean ratio of area under the serum concn.-time curve to 24 h (AUC24) of the active moiety, for all volunteers combined, indicated equivalence for the 2 formulations. Pooled anal. also demonstrated that the peak serum concn. (Cmax) of the active moiety following administration of tolterodine ER was around 75% of that obsd. for the IR tablet, whereas the trough concn. was around 1.5-fold higher. Overall, the pharmacokinetics of tolterodine (irresp. of genotype) and 5-HM (extensive metabolizers only) were consistent with sustained drug release over 24 h. Tolterodine ER was well tolerated. Conclusions: The new once daily ER formulation of tolterodine 4mg shows pharmacokinetic equivalence (AUC24) to the existing IR tablet given at a dose of 2mg twice daily. Findings of lower Cmax for tolterodine ER may explain the significantly lower rate of dry mouth subsequently obsd. in patients with overactive bladder.

CLASSIFICATION CODE: 1-2

SUPPLEMENTARY TERMS: Miscellaneous Descriptors

tolterodine pharmacokinetics delivery system genotype

CYP2D6

REGISTRY NUMBER:

REGISTRY NUMBER:

124937-51-5 (Tolterodine) 200801-70-3 pm ted at end

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 14:31:18 ON 15 SEP 2003 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS. COPYRIGHT (C) 2003 American Chemical Society (ACS)

Property values tagged with IC are from the ZIC/VINITI data file provided by InfoChem.

STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 14 SEP 2003 HIGHEST RN 585509-69-9 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 14 SEP 2003 HIGHEST RN 585509-69-9

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH JULY 14, 2003

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches.

Crossover limits have been increased. See HELP CROSSOVER for details.

Experimental and calculated property data are now available. See HELP PROPERTIES for more information. See STNote 27, Searching Properties in the CAS Registry File, for complete details: http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/STN/STNOTES/stnotes27.pdf

1 200801-70-3 (200801-70-3/RN) 1 207679-81-0 (207679-81-0/RN)

L122

2 200801-70-3 OR 207679-81-0

=> d ide 1-2; fil hom

L122 ANSWER 1 OF 2 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

RN **207679-81-0** REGISTRY

CN Benzenemethanol, 3-[(1R)-3-[bis(1-methylethyl)amino]-1-phenylpropyl]-4-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER NAMES:

CN 5-Hydroxymethyltolterodine

CN PNU 200577

FS STEREOSEARCH

DR 156755-19-0

MF C22 H31 N O2

CI COM

SR CA

LC STN Files: BIOSIS, CA, CAPLUS, CASREACT, TOXCENTER, USPAT2, USPATFULL

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

30 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1937 TO DATE) 30 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1937 TO DATE)

L122 ANSWER 2 OF 2 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

RN **200801-70-3** REGISTRY

CN Benzenemethanol, 3-[3-[bis(1-methylethyl)amino]-1-phenylpropyl]-4-hydroxy-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

FS 3D CONCORD

MF C22 H31 N O2

CI COM .

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, CASREACT, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL

PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

- 8 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1937 TO DATE)
- 8 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1937 TO DATE)

FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 14:31:24 ON 15 SEP 2003